

## INFORMATION REPORT INFORMATION REPORT

#### CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

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COUNTRY	Poland	REPORT	
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ARMY review completed.

25 YEAR RE-REVIEW

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Organiza	ation of Academy		
	the Jaroslaw Dabrowski Military	Technical Academy	25X1

### 25 YEAR RE-REVIEW

	Approved For Release 2009/09/15 : CIA-RDP82-00046R000500030008-5	25
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n Wa and	arsaw 1 was activated during 1952, and 1t was under the com- of two Soviet Army generals.	25 25
	l market ad	25
t 29 ddi ere	overall officer cadre strength of the academy was estimated 50 officers, which included about 100 Soviet Army officers. In tion, about 200 Polish and what he believed to be Soviet civilians employed as lecturers in various laboratories and administrative tions.	25
o 3	the Academy had only six faculties,  Faculty No 1 - Armored Branch; Faculty No 2 - Air Force; Faculty  - Artillery and Ordnance; Faculty No 4 - Signal and Communications;  lty No 5 - Infantry; and Faculty No 6 - Motor Transport.	25 25
w y a	the head of Faculty No 4 - Signal.  ias Soviet Army Col Aleksandrov volodin. Each faculty was commanded  is Soviet Army Colonel; and its staff consisted of about 40 Polish  a Soviet Army Colonel; and its staff consisted to about 40 Polish  a Soviet Army Colonel; and its staff consisted to about 40 Polish  a Soviet Army Colonel; and its staff consisted to about 40 Polish	25 25
ınd	Soviet Army officers. The only exceptions will be solved as the solved and staffs of about 25 officers.  Infantry Faculties, which had staffs of about 25 officers.  each faculty utilized about 15 civilians as lecturers and civilian lecturers were extensively used in teaching technical subjects and particularly signal equip-	25 25
1ve nent	t and communications.	
Strad	dent Body	1
ches Guar dire	Academy's students consisted of Polish Army officers from all brans of the Polish Army, from the Internal Security Corps (KBW), Border and (WOP), and Air Force units plus officer candidates, who came ectly from civilian life or from Polish Army units. overall strength of the student body at 1,000 men, including officers both company and field grade and OCS candidates.	25
Cou	rses	
		25)
a.	U/1 Officers' Course.	
	about 60 Polish Army	25
-	officers with ranks from lieutenant to lieutenant-colonel attended a one-year course.  These officers were	25
	their own uniforms and came from all branches of the Polish Army, Internal Security Corps, Border Guard, and Air Force.  upon completion of the course these officers received a degree of some type	2:
b.	Toute of Course	2
υ.	About 200 Polish Army officers attended a two-year course. Upon its completion, they were given degrees as technical engineers (Inzynier-Technik). These officers came from all branches of the Polish Army and their ranks ranged from warrant officer to captain.	1
	Upon graduation, these	. 25
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officers were assigned to various Polish Army units as technical officers.

about 600 officer candidates were attending the officer candidate course at the Academy

the length of the OCS course was four or possibly five years.

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(1) Procurement of Candidates.

priority for acceptance into this OCS was usually given to those who had served in the Cadet Corps located in Warsaw.3

90 percent of the OCS candidates came directly from civilian life and were from the military classes 1928 to 1934. All of these candidates had a high educational background and possibly volunteered for the OCS at the Academy in order to avoid induction into the Polish Army. In the remainder of the 600 candidates former conscripted sergeants, who had completed their period of obligatory service and volunteered for OCS training at the Academy. During August 1954 arrival of about 60 civilians at the Academy members of a new OCS class. Their average age was estimated at 19.

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(2) Uniforms.

All candidates were officer-type uniforms but without any officers rank insignia. However, an unknown number of candidate squad leaders and leaders of other formations were EM insignia such as that of corporals and sergeants.

(3) Entrance Examinations.

From personal observation all OCS candidates were given about six weeks to prepare for their entrance examinations at the Academy. These entrance examinations were believed to be based on subjects such as mathematics, physics, chemistry, and other academic subjects. Military subjects were not included in these examinations since all candidates received basic training during their attendance at the Academy.

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(4) Course Examinations.

monthly examinations were given to the candidates. He had heard that candidates failing two or three examinations were dropped from the OCS course and returned to a civilian status or reassigned to a Polish Army unit.

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. Officers' Signal (?) Refresher Course.

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attending the three-month course. Upon completion of the course in June 1954, several of these officers were retained for an indefinite period of service at the Academy as lecturers. An unknown number were assigned to unknown Polish Army units for duty, and an unknown number were released from active service.

### Attendance by Academy Staff Personnel at a Possible General Officers' Conference.

During February 1954, an unknown number of high ranking Polish and Soviet staff officers of the Academy attended a general officers' conference or command-post exercise at some unknown location within the Warsaw Military District. This lasted about seven days. It was common knowledge among the officers of the Academy that general officers and their staffs from all military districts of Poland attended this conference or exercise. neither Polish Army units nor any other troops were

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Training of Academy Graduates in the USSR.

an unknown number of selected officers were frequently sent to academies in the USSR for further courses upon completion of their course at the Academy.

However, he had no further knowledge concerning such assignments.

#### Miscellaneous.

officers who had completed an OCS at some location other than at the Academy could not attend any higher officers' course at the Academy until they had completed a minimum of two years' service with a Polish Army unit. Furthermore, candidates completing the Academy's OCS normally graduated as lieutenants, whereas candidates completing other OCS courses normally graduated as warrant officers or as junior lieutenants.

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